

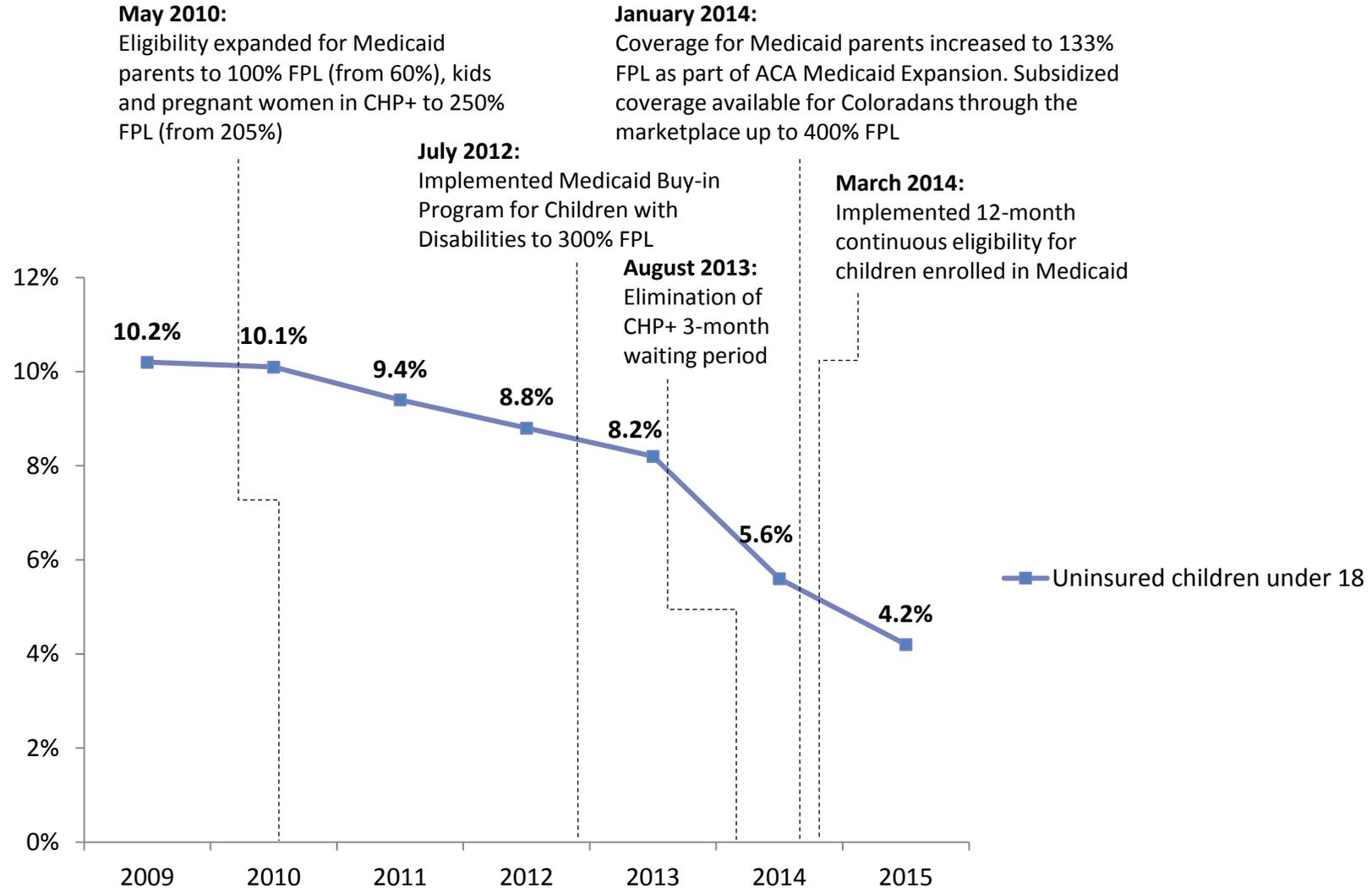


# Child Health





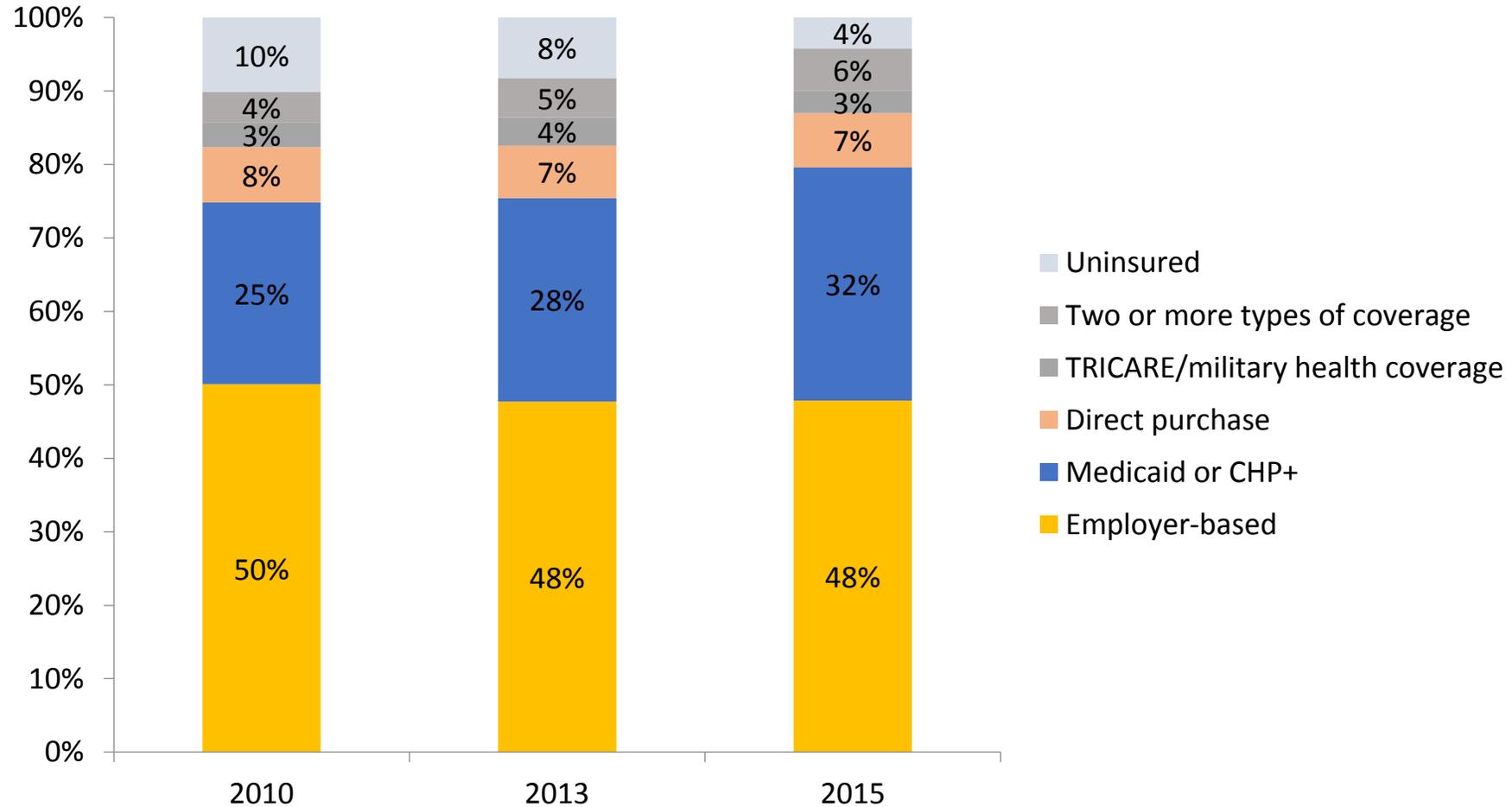
# Colorado has seen a continued decline in the percent of uninsured children, driven by state and federal policy change





The share of Colorado children covered by a public insurance program, such as Medicaid or CHP+, has increased in recent years

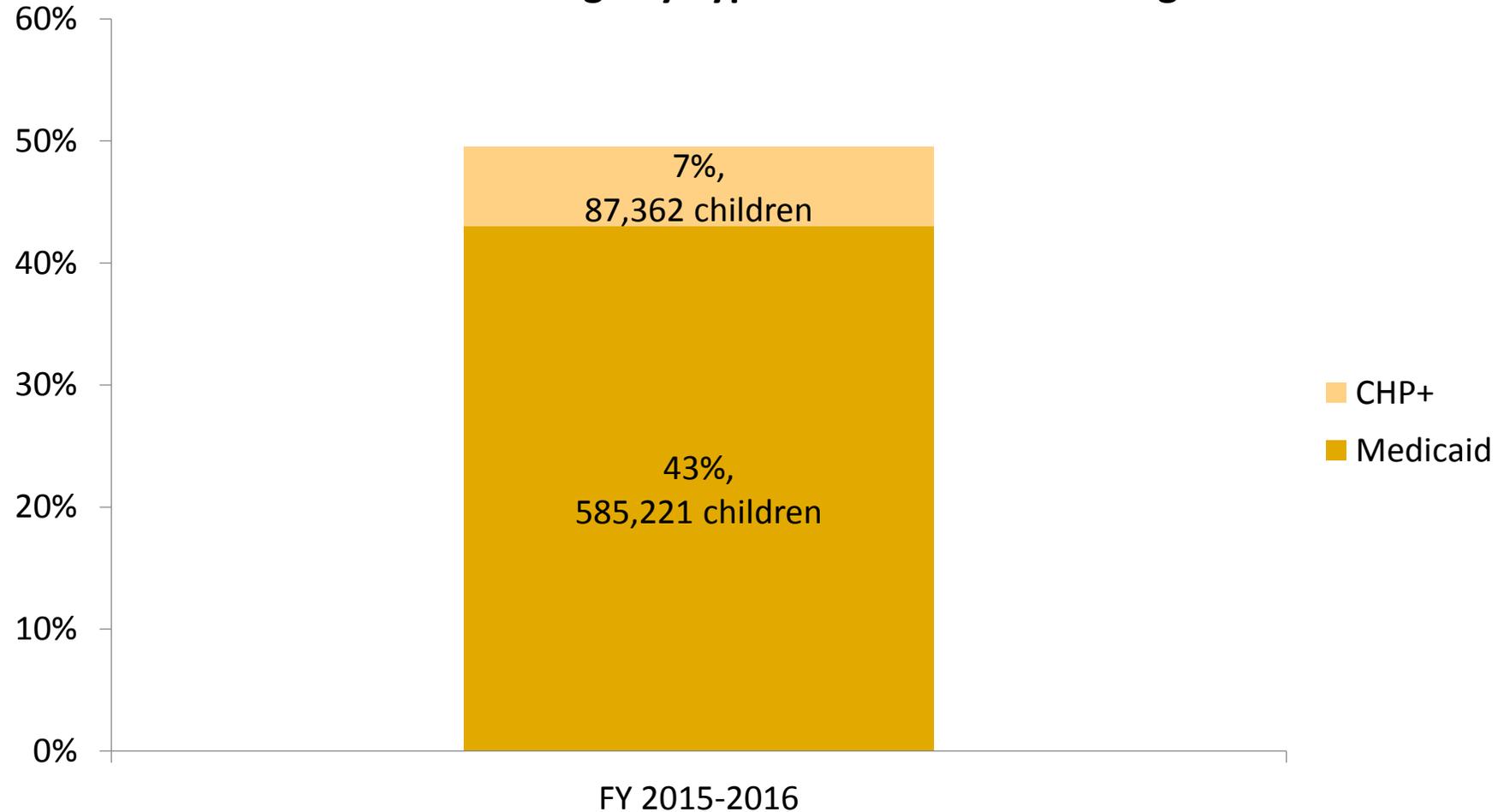
### Health Insurance by Type of Coverage: Colorado Kids Under 18





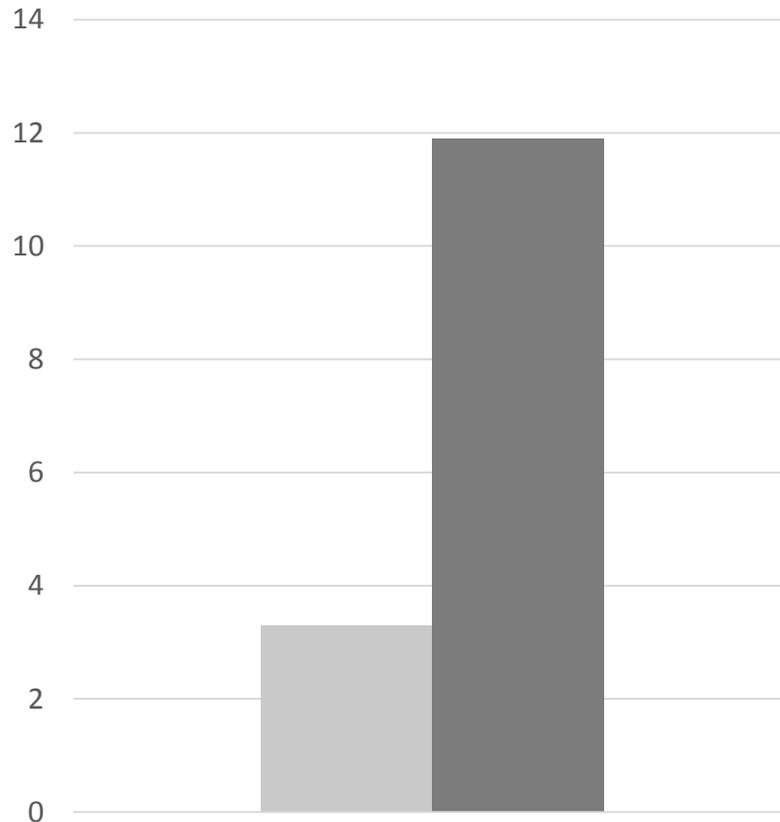
Colorado data show that public coverage programs are critical to Colorado kids. Approximately half of all children were covered by a public coverage program at some point during the year.

### Public Health Coverage by Type: Colorado Children Ages 0-18



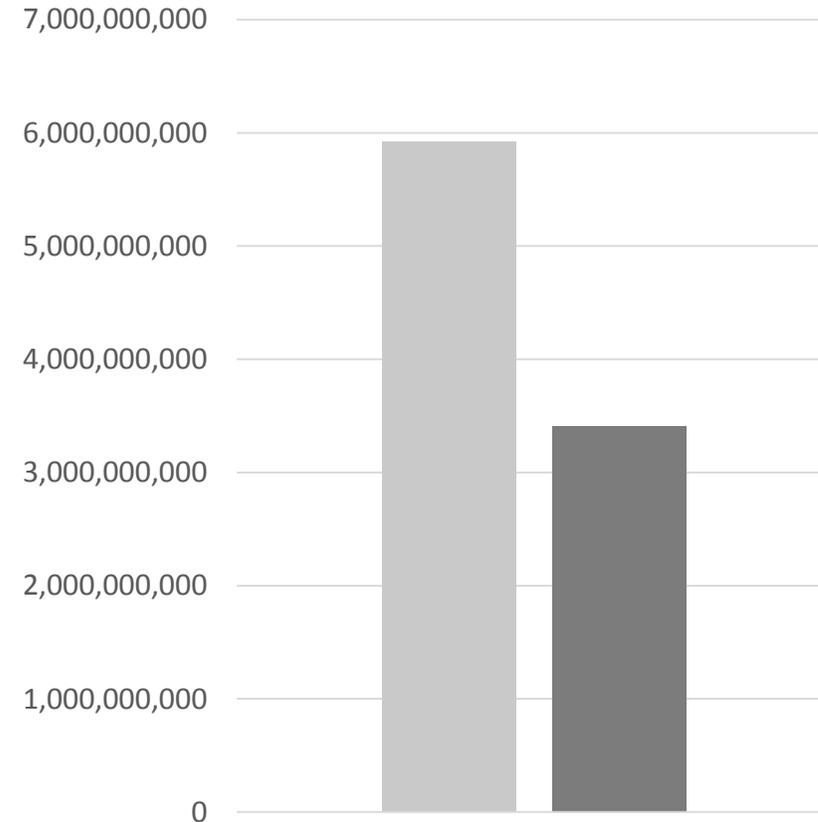


## Colorado's uninsured rate will increase and federal funding will decrease if the ACA is repealed without a replacement



**Child Uninsured Rate in 2019**

■ ACA ■ ACA Repeal Without Replace



**Federal Funding in 2019**

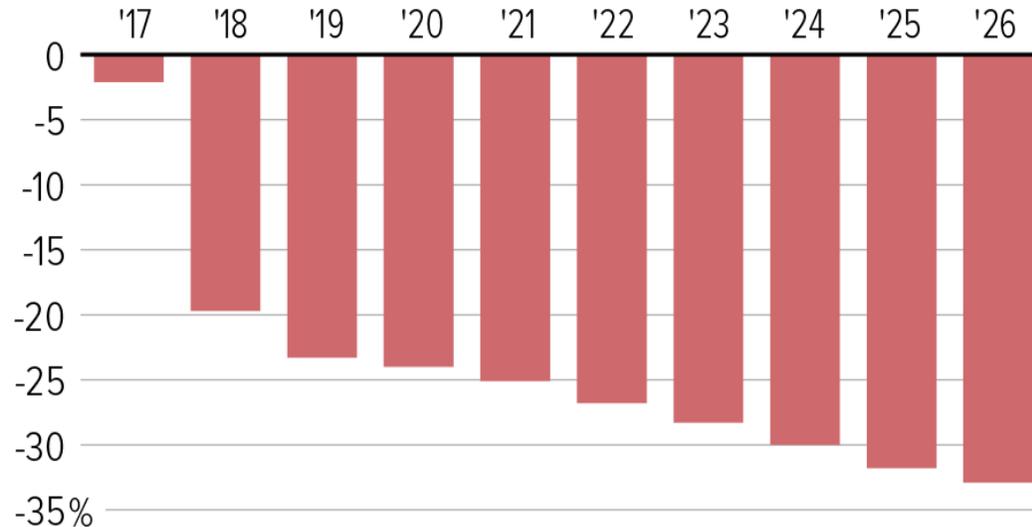
■ ACA ■ ACA Repeal Without Replace



# Block grants and per capita caps shift costs to states

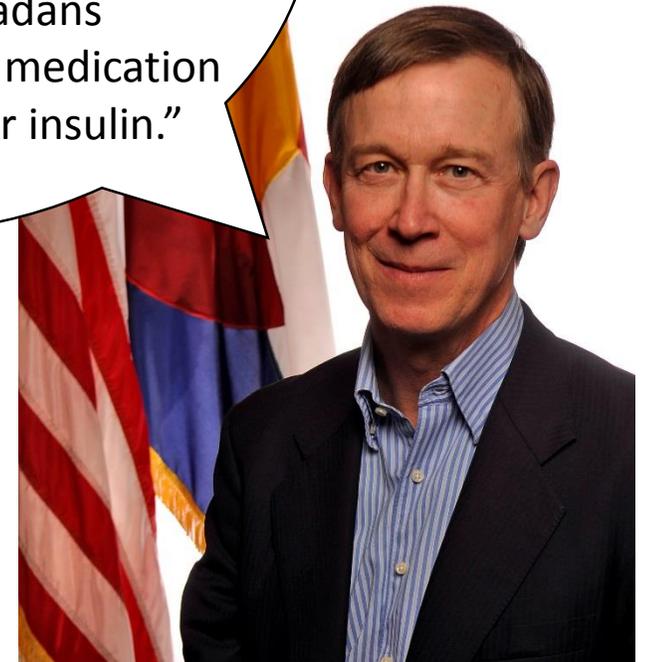
## Medicaid Cuts Would Grow Over Time Under House Budget Committee Block Grant

Percent cut in federal Medicaid funds, relative to current law



Source: CBPP analysis using Jan. 2016 Congressional Budget Office Medicaid baseline and House Budget Committee documents.

Block grant proposals could shift costs to states and “force us to make impossible choices in our Medicaid program. We should not be forced to choose between providing hard-working older Coloradans with blood pressure medication or children with their insulin.”





The redesign of the Accountable Care Collaborative will improve the quality and delivery of care for kids and families

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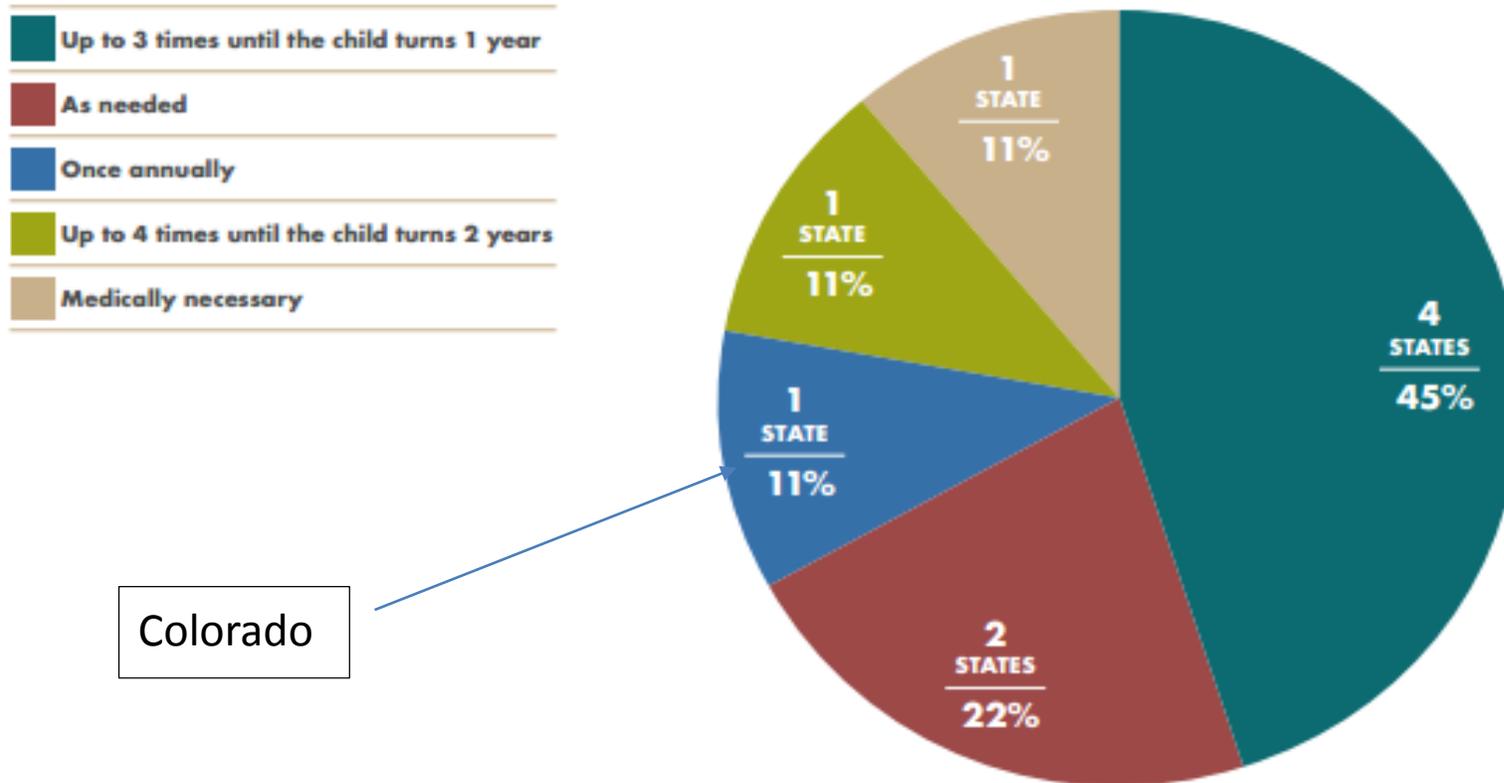
We support changes in Phase II of the ACC that focus on:

- Encouraging developmental and pregnancy-related depression screening, referral, treatment and support
- Integrated behavioral health care for children and families
- High-quality care for children and pregnant women



Colorado allows for maternal depression screenings at well-child visits, but only once annually

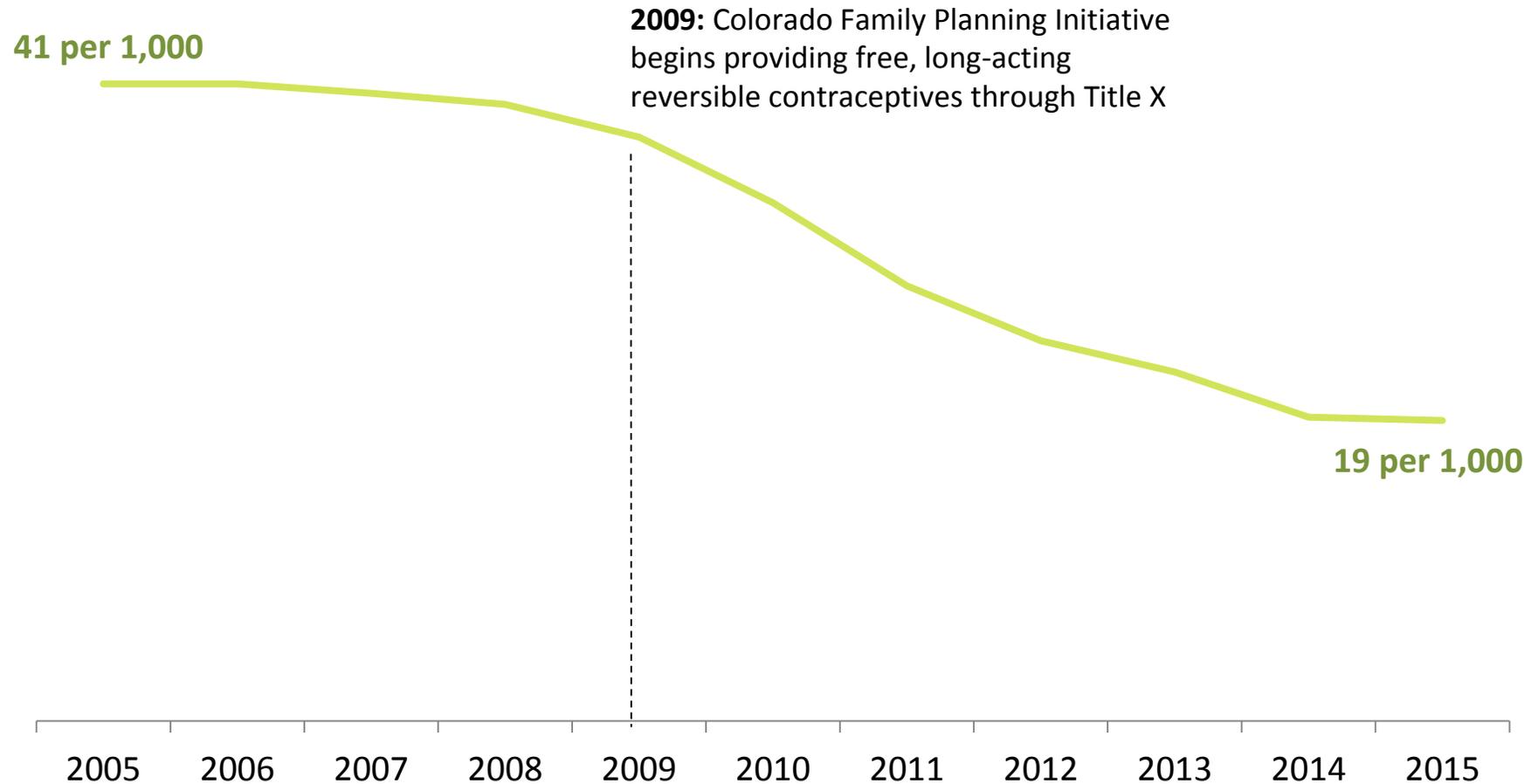
**FIGURE 2** How Often Can a Maternal Depression Screening Be Conducted?





Colorado's teen birth rate has declined by more than half since 2005

### Teen Birth Rate (Per 1,000 Women Ages 15 to 19)





## Health policy priorities for 2017 legislative session

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1. Protecting coverage for kids and pregnant women in CHP+
2. Protecting the historic gains we've seen in child insurance coverage in CO
3. Improving our state Medicaid program to better integrate care and ensure high-quality care for kids and pregnant women
4. Improving access to pregnancy-related depression and anxiety screening in our Medicaid program
5. Ensuring that past wins, such as our expansion of evidence-based family planning services in the state, continue